

g) using a stochastic process to derive from said recorded signals a system transfer function for said physical system over the width of said wide band excitation signal.

Amended
45
121 The method of Claim 120 including the further step of storing said
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simultaneously received and recorded wide band excitation input signal in said data recorder/processor at each spatially distributed location.

VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

The following is a marked-up version of Claims 77-105 and 108-123:

77. (Amended) A method of acquisition and signal transmission through a plurality of spatially distributed locations comprising the steps of:

- a) exciting at a low power a physical system with a wide band excitation signal as an input signal;
- b) locating a data recorder/processor at spatially distributed locations;
- c) interconnecting each said spatially distributed data recorder/processor to an acquisition control computer using a telemetry network;
- d) sending a frequency synchronization signal through said telemetry network;

e) simultaneously receiving and recording said wide band excitation input signal in said data recorders/processors at each spatially distributed location;

f) sending said recorded wide band excitation input signals to said acquisition control computer via said telemetry network; and,

g) using a stochastic process to derive from said recorded wide band excitation input signals a system transfer function for said physical system over the width of said wide band excitation signal.

79. (Amended) The method of Claim 77 wherein two data [recorder/processors] recorders/processors are used.

80. (Amended) The method of Claim 77 wherein three or more data [recorder/processors] recorders/processors are used.

93. (Amended) The method of Claim 89 wherein said frequency synchronization signal is not integrated with the [data stream] wide band excitation input signal so that two separate signals are transmitted through the said telemetry network.

95. (Amended) The method of Claim 77 wherein said spatially distributed data recorders/processors down-convert the received wide band excitation input signals.

99. (Amended) The method of Claim [77] 98 wherein said one or more waveform synthesizers synthesizes a modulated signal about a specified center frequency.

105. (Amended) The method of Claim [99] 98 wherein said one or more waveform synthesizer uses up-conversion to shift the modulated signal and [its] specified center frequency to a new frequency about a new specified center frequency.

108. (Amended) The method of Claim 106 wherein said wide band excitation input [signal] signals [consists] consist of ambient radiation.

109. (Amended) Apparatus for obtaining data for measuring the transfer function of a physical system comprising:

- a) a waveform synthesizer for generating a synthesized low-power, wide band waveform signal and exciting said physical system with said synthesized low-power, wide band waveform signal as an input signal;
- b) a first data recorder/processor for sampling said synthesized low-power, wide band [input] waveform signal;
- c) second and third data recorders/processors located at spatially distributed locations within said physical system;

d) digital fiber optic telemetry for digitally interconnecting each of said first, second and third data recorders/processors and said waveform synthesizer;

e) an acquisition control computer connected to said first, second and third data recorders/processors and said waveform synthesizer in a network arrangement;

f) a synchronization signal generator connected to said network arrangement; and,

g) controller means for simultaneously commanding said waveform synthesizer to broadcast said synthesized low-power, wide band waveform [input] signal to excite the physical system and to send a synchronization signal through said network arrangement to cause said first data recorder/processor to sample said synthesized low-power, wide band waveform [input] signal, to cause said second and third data recorders/processors to measure and record the [signals] signal received in said physical system from said synthesized low-power, wide band waveform [input] signal, and to cause said first, second and third recorders/processors to convert said measured and recorded signals received therein to digital format and to send said digital format in synchronized form through said network arrangement to said acquisition control computer

for later processing in said acquisition control computer to compute a transfer function.

112. (Amended) The apparatus of Claim [109] 110 wherein said waveform synthesizer is adapted to up-convert the modulated excitation signal to a modulated excitation signal about a specified center frequency.

114. (Amended) The apparatus of Claim [109] 112 wherein said data recorders/processors use a two-step, down-conversion technique for shifting said excitation signal to a 15 MHz center frequency.

115. (Amended) The apparatus of Claim [109] 112 wherein said data recorders/processors use a 12-bit analog-to-digital converter sampled at 12 MHz to digitize and store said excitation signal.

119. (Amended) The apparatus of Claim 109 wherein said synchronization signal is integrated with said [signals] signal received in said physical system from said synthesized low-power, wide band waveform [input] signal using pulse width modulation.

120. (Amended) A method of excitation, acquisition and signal transmission through a plurality of spatially distributed locations comprising the steps of:

- a) exciting at a low power a physical system with a wide band excitation signal as an input signal;
- b) locating a data recorder/processor at spatially distributed locations;
- c) interconnecting each said spatially distributed data recorder/processor to an acquisition control computer using a telemetry network;
- d) sending a frequency synchronization signal through said telemetry network;
- e) simultaneously receiving and recording said wide band excitation input signal in said data [recorders/processors] recorder/processor at each spatially distributed location
- f) sending said recorded wide band excitation input signals to said acquisition control computer via said telemetry network; and,
- g) using a stochastic process to derive from said recorded signals a system transfer function for said physical system over the width of said wide band excitation signal.

121. (Amended) The method of Claim 120 including the further step of storing said simultaneously received and recorded wide band excitation input signal in said data [recorders/processors] recorder/processor at each spatially distributed location.

REMARKS

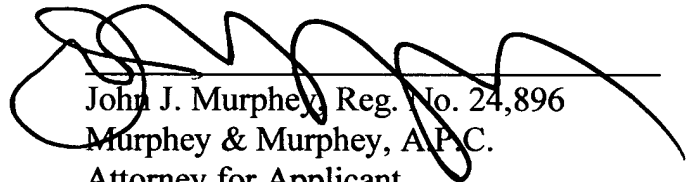
The Abstract has been amended to remove the words "comprising the steps of" and substituting the word "by". Hopefully, this will correct the situation.

Applicant has amended Claims 77, 79, 80, 93, 95, 99, 105, 108, 109, 112, 114, 115, 119, 120, and 121. While other claims were criticized, the ones not listed above are claims that depend from the listed claims and, thus, have also been corrected. Applicant's counsel wishes to thank Examiner Wachsman for his work in assuring the claims to be correct prior to issue. **It is noted that the Examiner has allowed Claims 77-123 even though this most recent Office Action dealt with Claims 77-105 and 108-123. No prepared amendment was needed for Claims 78, 81-92, 94, 96-98, 100-104, 106, 107, 110, 111, 113, 116-118, and 122.**

Applicant's counsel has addressed all issues raised by the Examiner in this latest Office Action. If any issues have not been adequately addressed it was purely unintentional and the Examiner is invited to telephone counsel. The application now appears to be in condition for passage to allowance and such action is earnestly solicited.

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Respectfully submitted,



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